Safety Data Sheet

Document Group:	31-5812-8	**Version Number:**	2.00
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SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier
P3C-SL

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use
Sealant

1.3. Supplier's details

MANUFACTURER:	PEGUS SYSTEMS
DIVISION:	Construction
ADDRESS:	8081 Commerce Rd.,
Telephone:	781-331-5900 or 800-343-1076 (U.S. and Canada)

1.4. Emergency telephone number
1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Hazard classification
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 2A.
Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 2.
Respiratory Sensitizer: Category 1.
Skin Sensitizer: Category 1.
Reproductive Toxicity: Category 1B.

2.2. Label elements
Signal word
Danger

Symbols
Health Hazard |

Pictograms

Hazard Statements
Causes serious eye irritation.
Causes skin irritation.
May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Precautionary Statements

Prevention:
Obtain special instructions before use.
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.
Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection.
Wash thoroughly after handling.
Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response:
IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.
Continue rinsing.
If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage:
Store locked up.

Disposal:
Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

2.3. Hazards not otherwise classified
Persons previously sensitized to isocyanates may develop a cross-sensitization reaction to other isocyanates.

5% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute oral toxicity.
5% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute dermal toxicity.
37% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute inhalation toxicity.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	% by Wt
Plasticizers	Trade Secret*	15 - 40 Trade Secret *
Poly (Vinyl Chloride)	9002-86-2	10 - 30 Trade Secret *
Urethane Polymer Based on MDI	Trade Secret*	10 - 30 Trade Secret *
Calcium Carbonate	471-34-1	7 - 13 Trade Secret *

Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	1 - 5 Trade Secret *
Hydrotreated paraffinic distillates	64742-55-8	1 - 5 Trade Secret *
Hydrotreated light petroleum distillates	64742-47-8	1 - 5 Trade Secret *
Calcium Oxide	1305-78-8	1 - 5 Trade Secret *
p,p'-Methylenebis(phenyl isocyanate)	101-68-8	< 0.2 Trade Secret *

*The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:
Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin Contact:
Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eye Contact:
Immediately flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention.

If Swallowed:
Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
See Section 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required
Not applicable

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media
In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for ordinary combustible material such as water or foam to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
None inherent in this product.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

Substance	Condition
Carbon monoxide	During Combustion
Carbon dioxide	During Combustion
Hydrogen Cyanide	During Combustion
Irritant Vapors or Gases	During Combustion
Oxides of Nitrogen	During Combustion

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters
No unusual fire or explosion hazards are anticipated.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapors in the spill area to burn or explode. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions
Avoid release to the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up
Pour isocyanate decontaminant solution (90% water, 8% concentrated ammonia, 2% detergent) on spill and allow to react for 10 minutes. Or pour water on spill and allow to react for more than 30 minutes. Cover with absorbent material. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Place in a container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities, but do not seal the container for 48 hours to avoid pressure build-up. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorized person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and SDS. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling
Avoid breathing of vapors created during cure cycle. Do not use in a confined area with minimal air exchange. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Use personal protective equipment (gloves, respirators, etc.) as required.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities
Keep container tightly closed to prevent contamination with water or air. If contamination is suspected, do not reseal container. Store away from heat.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	Agency	Limit type	Additional Comments
FREE ISOCYANATES	101-68-8	Manufacturer determined	TWA:0.005 ppm;STEL:0.02 ppm	
p,p'-Methylenebis(phenyl isocyanate)	101-68-8	Amer Conf of Gov. Indust. Hyg.	TWA:0.005 ppm	
p,p'-Methylenebis(phenyl isocyanate)	101-68-8	US Dept of Labor - OSHA	CEIL:0.2 mg/m3(0.02 ppm)	
Calcium Oxide	1305-78-8	Amer Conf of Gov. Indust. Hyg.	TWA:2 mg/m3	
Calcium Oxide	1305-78-8	US Dept of Labor - OSHA	TWA:5 mg/m3	
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	Amer Conf of Gov. Indust.	TWA:10 mg/m3	

		Hyg.		
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	Chemical Manufacturer Rec Guid	TWA(as respirable dust):5 mg/m3	
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	US Dept of Labor - OSHA	TWA(as total dust):15 mg/m3	
Calcium Carbonate	471-34-1	Chemical Manufacturer Rec Guid	TWA:10 mg/m3;STEL:20 mg/m3	
Limestone	471-34-1	US Dept of Labor - OSHA	TWA(as total dust):15 mg/m3;TWA(respirable fraction):5 mg/m3	
Hydrotreated light petroleum distillates	64742-47-8	Chemical Manufacturer Rec Guid	TWA:165 ppm	
Kerosine (petroleum)	64742-47-8	Amer Conf of Gov. Indust. Hyg.	TWA(as total hydrocarbon vapor, non-aerosol):200 mg/m3	Skin Notation
Paraffin oil	64742-55-8	US Dept of Labor - OSHA	TWA(as mist):5 mg/m3	
Poly (Vinyl Chloride)	9002-86-2	Amer Conf of Gov. Indust. Hyg.	TWA(respirable fraction):1 mg/m3	
Plasticizers	Trade Secret	Chemical Manufacturer Rec Guid	TWA:5 mg/m3	

Amer Conf of Gov. Indust. Hyg. : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
American Indust. Hygiene Assoc : American Industrial Hygiene Association
Chemical Manufacturer Rec Guid : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines
US Dept of Labor - OSHA : United States Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration
TWA: Time-Weighted-Average
STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit
CEIL: Ceiling

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls
Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:
Indirect Vented Goggles

Skin/hand protection
Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing.
Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Butyl Rubber

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:
Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

General Physical Form:	Liquid
Specific Physical Form:	Paste
Odor, Color, Grade:	Gray; mild characteristic odor
Odor threshold	*No Data Available*
pH	*Not Applicable*
Melting point	*No Data Available*
Boiling Point	> 190 ºC
Flash Point	> 94 ºC [*Test Method:* Closed Cup]
Evaporation rate	*No Data Available*
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not Applicable
Flammable Limits(LEL)	0.6 % volume
Flammable Limits(UEL)	7 % volume
Vapor Pressure	*Not Applicable*
Vapor Density	*Not Applicable*
Density	1.15 g/cm3
Specific Gravity	1.15 [*Ref Std:* WATER=1]
Solubility in Water	Negligible
Solubility- non-water	Nil
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	*No Data Available*
Autoignition temperature	> 200 ºC
Decomposition temperature	*No Data Available*
Viscosity	15,000 MPa-s [*Details:* at 20 °C]
Hazardous Air Pollutants	0.2 % weight [*Test Method:* Calculated]
VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents	34 g/l [*Test Method:* calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]
Solids Content	> 95 % weight

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity
This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

10.2. Chemical stability
Stable.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions
Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid
Heat

10.5. Incompatible materials
Alcohols
Amines
Water

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Substance	Condition
None known.	

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation:
Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

Allergic Respiratory Reaction: Signs/symptoms may include difficulty breathing, wheezing, cough, and tightness of chest.

Skin Contact:
Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, dryness, cracking, blistering, and pain.
Allergic Skin Reaction (non-photo induced): Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, blistering, and itching.

Eye Contact:
Severe Eye Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include significant redness, swelling, pain, tearing, cloudy appearance of the cornea, and impaired vision.

Ingestion:
Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Reproductive/Developmental Toxicity:
Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Carcinogenicity:

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	Class Description	Regulation
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	Grp. 2B: Possible human carc.	International Agency for Research on Cancer

Additional Information:
Persons previously sensitized to isocyanates may develop a cross-sensitization reaction to other isocyanates.

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE > 5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Inhalation-Vapor(4 hr)		No data available; calculated ATE > 50 mg/l
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE > 5,000 mg/kg
Plasticizers	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,160 mg/kg
Plasticizers	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 12.5 mg/l
Plasticizers	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 9,700 mg/kg
Urethane Polymer Based on MDI	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Poly (Vinyl Chloride)	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Poly (Vinyl Chloride)	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Calcium Carbonate	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Calcium Carbonate	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 3.0 mg/l
Calcium Carbonate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 6,450 mg/kg
Hydrotreated light petroleum distillates	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,160 mg/kg
Hydrotreated light petroleum distillates	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 3.0 mg/l
Hydrotreated light petroleum distillates	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Calcium Oxide	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 500-2000 mg/kg
Titanium Dioxide	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 10,000 mg/kg
Titanium Dioxide	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 6.82 mg/l
Titanium Dioxide	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 10,000 mg/kg
p,p'-Methylenebis(phenyl isocyanate)	Inhalation-Vapor		LC50 estimated to be 10 - 20 mg/l
p,p'-Methylenebis(phenyl isocyanate)	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
p,p'-Methylenebis(phenyl isocyanate)	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 0.369 mg/l
p,p'-Methylenebis(phenyl isocyanate)	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 31,600 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Plasticizers	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Poly (Vinyl Chloride)		No significant irritation
Calcium Carbonate	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Hydrotreated light petroleum distillates	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Calcium Oxide	official classification	Corrosive
Titanium Dioxide	Rabbit	No significant irritation
p,p'-Methylenebis(phenyl isocyanate)	official classification	Irritant

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Plasticizers	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Calcium Carbonate	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Hydrotreated light petroleum distillates	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Calcium Oxide	Rabbit	Corrosive
Titanium Dioxide	Rabbit	No significant irritation
p,p'-Methylenebis(phenyl isocyanate)	official	Severe irritant

	classification	

Skin Sensitization

Name	Species	Value
Plasticizers	Guinea pig	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Hydrotreated light petroleum distillates	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing
Titanium Dioxide	Human and animal	Not sensitizing
p,p'-Methylenebis(phenyl isocyanate)	official classification	Sensitizing

Respiratory Sensitization

Name	Species	Value
p,p'-Methylenebis(phenyl isocyanate)	Human	Sensitizing

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
Plasticizers	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Plasticizers	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Poly (Vinyl Chloride)	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Hydrotreated light petroleum distillates	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Calcium Oxide	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Titanium Dioxide	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Titanium Dioxide	In vivo	Not mutagenic
p,p'-Methylenebis(phenyl isocyanate)	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Poly (Vinyl Chloride)	Not Specified	Rat	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Hydrotreated light petroleum distillates	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Titanium Dioxide	Ingestion	Multiple animal species	Not carcinogenic
Titanium Dioxide	Inhalation	Rat	Carcinogenic
p,p'-Methylenebis(phenyl isocyanate)	Inhalation	Rat	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Plasticizers	Ingestion	Not toxic to female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 927 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Plasticizers	Ingestion	Not toxic to male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 929 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Plasticizers	Ingestion	Toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 38 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Poly (Vinyl Chloride)	Not Specified	Not toxic to development	Mouse	NOAEL Not available	during gestation
Calcium Carbonate	Ingestion	Not toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 625 mg/kg/day	premating & during gestation
p,p'-Methylenebis(phenyl isocyanate)	Inhalation	Some positive developmental data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 0.004 mg/l	during organogenesis

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Calcium Carbonate	Inhalation	respiratory system	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 0.812 mg/l	90 minutes
Hydrotreated light petroleum distillates	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness		NOAEL Not available	
Hydrotreated light petroleum distillates	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOAEL Not available	
Calcium Oxide	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	May cause respiratory irritation	Not available	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
p,p'-Methylenebis(phenyl isocyanate)	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	May cause respiratory irritation	official classification	NOAEL Not available	

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Plasticizers	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 0.5 mg/l	2 weeks
Plasticizers	Inhalation	hematopoietic system | liver	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 0.5 mg/l	2 weeks
Plasticizers	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 0.5 mg/l	2 generation
Plasticizers	Ingestion	endocrine system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 686 mg/kg/day	90 days
Plasticizers	Ingestion	liver | kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 500 mg/kg/day	90 days
Plasticizers	Ingestion	heart	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 500 mg/kg/day	90 days
Plasticizers	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	All data are negative	Dog	NOAEL 320 mg/kg/day	90 days
Poly (Vinyl Chloride)	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Multiple animal species	NOAEL .013 mg/l	22 months
Calcium Carbonate	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Titanium Dioxide	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 0.010 mg/l	2 years
Titanium Dioxide	Inhalation	pulmonary fibrosis	All data are negative	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
p,p'-Methylenebis(phenyl isocyanate)	Inhalation	respiratory system	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Rat	LOAEL 0.004 mg/l	13 weeks

Aspiration Hazard

Name	Value
Hydrotreated light petroleum distillates	Aspiration hazard

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicological information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional ecotoxicological information on this material and/or its components.

Chemical fate information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional chemical fate information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods
Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Dispose of completely cured (or polymerized) material in a permitted industrial waste facility. As a disposal alternative, incinerate uncured product in a permitted waste incineration facility. Proper destruction may require the use of additional fuel during incineration processes. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

EPA Hazardous Waste Number (RCRA): Not regulated

SECTION 14: Transport Information

Please contact the emergency numbers listed on the first page of the MSDS for Transportation Information for this material.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal Regulations
Contact manufacturer for more information
311/312 Hazard Categories:

Fire Hazard - No Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - Yes

15.2. State Regulations
Contact manufacturer for more information

15.3. Chemical Inventories
The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA.

Contact manufacturer for more information

15.4. International Regulations
Contact manufacturer for more information

This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 16: Other information

NFPA Hazard Classification

Health: 2 **Flammability:** 1 **Instability:** 0 **Special Hazards:** None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

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